CLAIMS

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method of imaging a sample comprising: generating an ultrasonic signal;

directing the ultrasonic signal into a sample; receiving appy signal reflected by salid sample, which signal \is distorted and contains a first order and higher order component/signals at first and higher frequencies respectively;

forming an image from one of said higher order component signals of the received distorted signal;

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displaying said formed image.

Sub A method according to Claim 1, wherein the forming step includes the step of removing from the received distorted signal the first order component thereof.

A method according to Claim 2, wherein the 3. removing step includes the step of high pass filtering the received, reflected distorted signal to remove therefrom the first order component thereof.

A method according to Claim 2, wherein: the generating signal includes the steps of generating first and second ultrasonic signals;

the directing step includes the steps of directing the first and second ultrasonic signals into the sample;

the receiving step includes the step of receiving any first and second signals teflected and distorted by said sample;

the forming step includes the steps of

i) subtracting the received\second distorted signal from the received first distorted signal to

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produce\a resultant signal, and

- forming the image from said resultant signal.
- A method according to Claim 4, wherein the first and second signals are identical except/that one is scaled up in magnitude by a factor x (greater than 1) relative to the other and the second signal is transmitted after the reception of the distorted first signal.
- A method according to Claim 5, wherein the sample (i) distorts the first ultrasonic signal to produce a first distorted signal, (ii) reflects the first distorted signal, (iii) distorts the second ultrasonic signal to produce a second distorted signal, and (iv) reflects the second distorted signal.
- A method according to Claim 6, wherein the forming step includes the step of:

scaling the smaller received distorted signal (corresponding to the unscaled transmitted signal) by the previously used scale factor x;

next subtracting this scaled signal to produce a difference signal essentially without frequency content in the original transmitted bandwidth; and

forming the image from one of said higher order component signals of the difference signal.

A method according to Claim 1, wherein said higher order component signals includes a second order component, and the forming step includes the step of forming the image from said second order component.

A method according to Claim 1, wherein the generating step includes the step of generating a series of ultrasonic pulse signals.

10. A method according to Claim 1 wherein the

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- 11. A method according to Claim 1, wherein the sample is a biological sample.
- 12. A system for imaging a sample comprising:
  means for generating an ultrasonic signal;
  means for directing the ultrasonic signal into a
  sample;

means for receiving any signal reflected by said sample, which signal is distorted and contains a first order and higher order component signals at first and higher frequencies respectively;

means for forming an image from one of said higher order component signals of the received distorted signal; and

means for displaying said formed image.

13. A system according to Claim 12, wherein the means for forming the image includes means for removing from the received distorted signal the first order component thereof.

14. A system according to Claim 13, wherein the means for removing the first order component from the received distorted signal includes a high-pass filter to filter the received, reflected distorted signal to remove therefrom the first order component thereof.

15. A system according to Claim 13, wherein: the means for generating the ultrasonic signal includes means for generating first and second ultrasonic signals;

30 the means for directing the ultrasonic signal into the sample includes means for directing the first

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and second ultrasonic signals into the sample;
the receiving means includes means for receiving
any first and second signals reflected and distorted
by said sample;

the means for forming the image includes

- i) means for subtracting the received second distorted signal from the received first distorted signal to produce a resultant signal, and
- ii) means for forming the image from said resultant signal.
- 16. A system according to Claim 15, wherein the first and second signals are identical except that one is scaled up in magnitude by a factor x (greater than 1) relative to the other and the second signal is transmitted after the reception of the distorted first signal.
- 17. A system according to Claim 16, wherein the sample (i) distorts the first ultrasonic signal to produce a first distorted signal, (ii) reflects the first distorted signal, (iii) distorts the second ultrasonic signal to produce a second distorted signal, and (iv) reflects the second distorted signal.
- 18. A system according to Claim 16, wherein the forming means includes:

means for scaling the smaller received distorted signal (corresponding to the unscaled transmitted signal) by the previously used scale factor x; and

next for subtracting this scaled signal to produce a difference signal essentially without frequency content in the original transmitted bandwidth; and

means for forming the image from one of said

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higher order component signals of the difference l signal.

19. A system according to Claim 12, wherein said higher order component signals include a second order component, and the means for forming the image includes means for\forming the image from said second order component.

> 20. A system adcording to Claim 12, wherein the means for generating the ultrasonic signal includes means for generating a series of ultrasonic pulse signals.

SEBERT DEFERRE 21. A system according to Claim 12, wherein the () sample is substantially free of any contrast agent not naturally present in the sample.

22. A system according to Claim 12, wherein the sample is a biological sample.

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